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A paper was read, entitled, "On the construction and use of Single Achromatic Eye-Pieces, and their superiority to the double eye-piece of Huyghens." By the Rev. J. B. Reade, M.A., F.R.S.

The author observes, that experience has shown it to be impracticable to make a telescope even approach to achromatism, by employing the same object-glass with an astronomical, as with a terrestrial eye-piece: for if the focus of the blue rays from the object-glass be thrown forwards, as it must be in order to make it impinge upon the focus of the blue rays of the terrestrial eye-glass, then there will be produced a great *over-correction* for the astronomical eye-glass; and *vice versa*. Hence it appears that the application of Huyghenian eye-pieces to refracting telescopes, is incompatible with the conditions of achromatism, throughout the entire range of magnifying power; and that in reflecting telescopes they unavoidably introduce dispersion, because they are not in themselves achromatic. These defects the author proposes wholly to obviate, by substituting for the Huyghenian eye-pieces, single achromatic lenses of corresponding magnifying power; consisting of the well-known combination of the crown-lens, and its correcting flint-lens, having their adjacent surfaces cemented together; thus avoiding internal reflections, and enabling them to act as a single lens. The achromatic eye-pieces which he uses were made by Messrs. Tulley and Ross, and are of the description usually termed *single cemented triples*.

A paper was also read, entitled, "Meteorological Observations made between October, 1837, and April, 1839, at Alten in Finnmarken." By Mr. S. H. Thomas, chief mining agent at the Alten Copper Works. Presented to the Royal Society by John R. Crowe, Esq., Her Britannic Majesty's Consul at Finnmarken. Communicated by Major Edward Sabine, R.A., V.P.R.S.

This memoir consists of tables of daily observations of the barometer and thermometer, taken at 9 A.M., 2 P.M., and 9 P.M., with remarks on the state of the weather, at Kaafjord, in latitude $69^{\circ} 58' 3''$ north, and longitude $23^{\circ} 43' 10''$ east of Paris.

January 16, 1840.

JOHN WILLIAM LUBBOCK, Esq., V.P. and Treasurer, in the Chair.

A paper was read, entitled, "On Nobili's Plate of Colours; in a Letter from J. P. Gassiot, Esq., addressed to J. W. Lubbock, Esq., V.P. and Treasurer R.S." Communicated by J. W. Lubbock, Esq.

The effect produced by the late Signor Nobili, of inducing colours on a steel plate, excited the curiosity of the author, and led him to the invention of the following method of producing similar effects. Two of Professor Daniell's large constant cells were exci-